

Key Stage 2 YEAR 3 FRENCH

National Curriculum KS2 Programme of Study	Chris Quigley Essential Skills Milestone 2	
<p>The teaching should provide an appropriate balance of spoken and written language and should lay the foundations for further foreign language teaching at key stage 3. It should enable pupils to understand and communicate ideas, facts and feelings in speech and writing, focused on familiar and routine matters, using their knowledge of phonology, grammatical structures and vocabulary. The focus of study in modern languages will be on practical communication.</p> <p>Pupils should be taught to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • listen attentively to spoken language and show understanding by joining in and responding • explore the patterns and sounds of language through songs and rhymes and link the spelling, sound and meaning of words • engage in conversations; ask and answer questions; express opinions and respond to those of others; seek clarification and help • speak in sentences, using familiar vocabulary, phrases and basic language structures • develop accurate pronunciation and intonation so that others understand when they are reading aloud or using familiar words and phrases • present ideas and information orally to a range of audiences read carefully and show understanding of words, phrases and simple writing • appreciate stories, songs, poems and rhymes in the language 	<p>1. To read fluently</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Read and understand the main points in short written texts. • Read short texts independently. • Use a translation dictionary or glossary to look up new words.
	<p>2. To write imaginatively</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Write a few short sentences using familiar expressions. • Express personal experiences and responses. • Write short phrases from memory with spelling that is readily understandable.
	<p>3. To speak confidently</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Understand the main points from spoken passages. • Ask others to repeat words or phrases if necessary. • Ask and answer simple questions and talk about interests. • Take part in discussions and tasks. • Demonstrate a growing vocabulary.
	<p>4. To understand the culture of the countries in which the language is spoken</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Describe with some interesting details some aspects of countries or communities where the language is spoken. • Make comparisons between life in countries or communities where the language is

<ul style="list-style-type: none">• broaden their vocabulary and develop their ability to understand new words that are introduced into familiar written material, including through using a dictionary• write phrases from memory, and adapt these to create new sentences, to express ideas clearly• describe people, places, things and actions orally and in writing		spoken and this country.
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